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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The West Indies hurricane is expected to reach the Florida coast this morning. —— The yellow fever at the Soldiers' Home is under control, and quarantine against Hampton, Newport News and Old Point will be raised. —— The United States Court of Appeals reversed Judge Simonton's decision in the Stanly county bond case. —— The American loss around Calulet was five killed and thirty-one wounded; a hundred Filipinos were killed and three or four hundred wounded. —— Will Chambers, colored, was lynched near Bell Buckle, Tenn., for criminal assault on a white girl. —— General Wheeler, en route to Manila, arrived at Honolulu August 1st. —— Negro lynched in Georgia for attempting to assault a white woman. —— Dreyfus court martial concluded its secret session; London *Times*' statement confirmed. —New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6½c; flour unsettled and fairly active at generally higher prices; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red, 77½c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 38c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 white 28½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firmer at 50½@51c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., August 11.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 78 degrees, 8 P. M., 81 degrees; maximum, 92 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 83 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.65 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 7.0 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Generally heavy showers occurred during the past twenty-four hours in all districts east of the Mississippi. It was somewhat warmer on yesterday in the Wilmington district; elsewhere the temperature changes were slight. Heavy rainfalls: Augusta, Ga., 2.14; Columbia, S. C., 1.56.

STORM WARNINGS.

The following dispatch was received at the Weather Bureau station here at 4.10 P. M.:

"To Observer, Wilmington.—Hoist information signal at 4.15 P. M. Hurricane center approaching Nassau and will probably reach Florida coast tonight. Hurricane signals are ordered up on the Florida coast from Jupiter southward."

At 11 o'clock last night a dispatch was received at the Wilmington station, stating that northwest storm signals had been ordered up at Cedar Keys, Jacksonville, Savannah and Charleston. The storm centre was then near Nassau, moving northwest. A gale from the north, it was thought probable, would set in last night.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—For North Carolina: Showers Saturday and Sunday; variable winds becoming brisk northerly.

Port Almanac---August 12.

Sun Rises	5.18 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.51 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 33 M.
High Water at Southport	11.32 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3.02 A. M.

Leipzig is to have a new Rathhaus to cost $1,000,000. But the solons can get just as wrathy in that as they could in one that didn't cost more than $100,000.

It is said that the snuff factories of Baltimore are so rushed with orders that they have to run day and night to keep up. A business like that is nothing to sneeze at.

"Live fence posts" are becoming fashionable in the rural districts of Tennessee. Instead of planting out posts the farmers plant trees to support their fences. The trees grow large enough in from four to six years.

The hotel men in Rennes are taking great interest in the Dreyfus trial, and don't care how long it lasts. With the crowd of people drawn to their town by it they are making from $6,000 to $8,000 a day out of it.

As an illustration of what patience, perseverance and determination will do, Helen Kellar, the deaf dumb and blind wonder, has just stood an examination in Boston for admission to Ratcliffe College, and stood high in all the studies in which she was examined.

Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, has struck it fat. He has recently, it is reported, sold some of his oil land near Corsicana for $350,000. Now we hope he will not spoil the story by getting up and saying it isn't so; but that would be just like him.

Apprehensions are felt by some in London that the Thames will run dry in consequence of the numerous dams that are being built on the upper reaches of the river. Within the past year the flow of water has alarmingly decreased. It is feared that this may result in epidemics of disease caused by an insufficiency of water to dilute the sewage of the city.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. F. M. Sikes, of Cronly, was here yesterday.

— Mr. Chas. G. Parker, of Selma, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. James Rushing, of Hallsboro, is a visitor to the city.

— Mr. A. C. Moore, of Currie, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. L. Fuller and W. Woodall of Smithfield were here yesterday.

— Misses Mary and Emma Cooper, of Kenansville, are in the city, visiting friends.

— Mr. Clayton Moore returned yesterday from a business trip to Fayetteville.

— Miss Irene Morton is visiting friends at Point Caswell, and Kerr, in Sampson county.

— Misses Ethel and Nannie Fisher, Fayetteville, were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. T. Johnson and wife and Mr. J. E. Johnson, of Burson, were guests at The Orton yesterday,

— Miss Mayme Fowler, an attractive young lady from Rochester, N. Y., is the guest of her cousin, Miss Leila Livingston, on Wrightsville Beach.

— Prof. E. VanLear, who has been in ill health for several months, left this week for Philadelphia, for medical treatment.

— Miss Lucy Moore left yesterday on the steamer *Hurt* for a visit to relatives at Elizabethtown and other points in Bladen county.

— Misses Addie, Jennie and Nealie Byrd and Miss Lidie Adams, of Little River Academy, were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. Bailey Roberts, of Bennettsville, S. C., who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. M G. Bailey, left yesterday for a visit to Asheville, N. C.

— Miss Ethel Brunnild, of New York, who has been the guest of the family of Mr. I. L. Greenewald at Wrightsville Beach, nas returned to her home.

— Mr. G. A. Fuller, a popular travelling salesman from Boston, who has many friends here, spent yesterday and Thursday in the city and left on the north-bound train last night.

— The following Fayetteville people were registered at The Orton yesterday: Miss Carrie Hawley, Miss Maggie O'Hanlon, Mr. D. T. Oates, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Roberson, Jr., Miss Estella and Miss Mamie Fisher, Miss Davis, Miss Moody, Miss Mary A. Myrover and Mr. J. G. Hollingsworth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

D. L. Gore—Pork.
N. F. Parker—Furniture.
W. B. Cooper—New mullets.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Travellers—Free sample.

LOCAL DOTS.

— License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Miss Emma Jane Piner and Mr. Geo. W. Shepard, a popular young couple of Harnett township. The bride is a daughter of Mr. Joshua Piner and the groom a son of Mr. William Shepard.

— Fred Hill and Peter Bryant were arrested by policeman B. R. King yesterday afternoon for conducting the scavenger business in conflict with the new ordinance governing same. The cases will be investigated in the police court this morning.

— A civil service examination for inspectors of boilers is to be held at Charleston. One of the requirements of the law is that the inspectors must be able to crawl through a "man-hole" nine by twelve inches. Why doesn't our dear Governor apply for this place?

ONE NEGRO SHOTANOTHER.

Quarrelled Over Drinks and Threatened Fight Ended in Shooting Scrape.

Son Ellerbee and Tom Brooks, two young negroes, engaged in an altercation last night about 8 o'clock, corner Seventh and Castle streets, which came near ending seriously for Brooks. The negroes had been in Walton's bar on the corner and came out quarrelling as to which should treat to drinks. Both were intoxicated and Ellerbee violently cursed Brooks, which was resented and a fight was about to ensue when Ellerbee drew his pistol and shot Brooks in the right shoulder. The ball was a 32 calibre and ranged upward, lodging in the negro's neck.

Ellerbee immediately disappeared from the crowd which had collected after the shooting. Dr. F. H. Russell was summoned and extracted the bullet.

Justice Bornemann and Deputy King were very soon on the scene of the disturbance and a warrant was issued for Ellerbee's arrest, but at last accounts he had not been captured.

A Sudden Death.

Friends of Mrs. Fanny Harker will sympathize with her in the loss of her little nine-year old son, Joseph, which occurred very suddenly about noon yesterday at the home of his uncle whom he was visiting near Fort Anderson. He had two attacks of severe pains in the head and the second ended in his death. The funeral will be from the residence on Nun street between Third and Fourth this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Rev. R. R. Windley.

AN OUTSPOKEN JURY

Grand Jury's Report to Judge Battle Tells of Gross Mismanagement

AT HOME AND WORK HOUSE.

Keeper Presented For Criminal Negligence in Allowing Howard's Escape. Other Complaints—Chain Gang. Court Proceedings.

The Circuit Criminal Court was adjourned for the term yesterday about 11 o'clock, the entire docket of seventy-eight cases having been tried and all business before the court disposed of.

The most important feature of the morning session was the report of the grand jury on their work during the term. It created rather a sensation with court and county officials, dwelling with especial severity upon the alleged poor management of the County Home. The report was quite lengthy, and the following are the most important features:

To His Honor Dossey Battle, Judge Presiding:

We have had 46 cases before us, and have found 41 true bills and 5 not true bills, and we return herewith 2 bills because we have been unable to get the witnesses before us. We found it necessary to issue two capias in order to expedite the work given for us to do. We present 14 delinquent, schedule B, tax payers.

Condition of Jail.

We visited the jail and found it in very good repair. We find that the inmates of the jail are obliged to use river water for drinking purposes, and we respectfully recommend that this be discontinued at once and water from the Court House cistern be given them instead. We would recommend that a diet of more vegetables be furnished the prisoners.

We find that the yard on the east side of the jail known as the "city pound" where stock is kept for various purposes is far from being in good condition. Foul water from this yard flows into the jail yard. This should not be permitted.

We also recommend that a pipe be connected with the spring between the court house and jail and extended to Jacob's run sewer.

The Court House.

We have inspected the court house and fine it in good repair except that the clerk's vault in the basement is dirty as is the Register of deed's vault in the basement. We found the books and papers mouldy; we find in the furnace room a quantity of loose papers and other inflammable matter which should be removed. In one room we found water standing on the floor. Plunder of various kinds placed in the custody of the janitor is stored away in a state of confusion in the basement hall way.

Chain Gang Recommended.

We recommend that all male prisoners be put to work on our public roads, keeping in repair those roads already built and building new ones and thereby make New Hanover county more progressive.

We also recommend that the female prisoners be employed in washing the clothes of the male prisoners and scouring and keeping clean the court house and jail.

As to the condition of the County Home we respectfully refer you to the report of our committee sent to investigate, which is made part of this report.

We visited the City Hospital and found it in a very clean and satisfactory condition.

(Signed) R. W. HICKS, Foreman.

The following are the principal features of the report on the condition of the County Home as made by the committee:

The Home now has 23 to 25 inmates. Their apparel is about such as we would expect people of their circumstances to be clad in if living in their own homes.

A Miss Walker advised us that no clothing had been furnished since the last administration and that then the allotment to her was one homespun dress and one apron.

They are given two meals per day breakfast at 9 A. M. and dinner at 2 P. M., no supper except that they ask for it and then they receive three crackers and as many ginger snaps. For breakfast they have a small slice of fat pork, a small piece of corn bread, one biscuit and some hominy. Most of the white women do their own cooking in their own rooms, because they are unable to eat the food after it has been prepared by the cooks of the institution. These women are allowed 2½ pounds of fat pork, 2 quarts of flour and ½ peck of meal per week.

Continuing, the report states that M. I. Blackwell and Amanda Walker and two sisters who are sick much of the time say the doctor prescribes for them but that the prescriptions are never filled; that Mrs. Chadwick, wife of the superintendent, told the committee that they did the cooking for the family separate from that of the inmates because they could not eat the food furnished them; that one inmate, Morrison by name, seemed well satisfied with the treatment he received, but the committee expressed the belief that he is shown much more attention and receives different food from the others; that they found all the houses clean.

Referring to the negro ward the report stated that inmates advised the committee that they received two meals per day with no change of diet and the food very poor. The report further states that:

Their sick do not get proper attention. We were told that the superintendent notified the inmates that a committee would be out to inspect the place during the week, and they were all put to work cleaning up the place. They were also cautioned about answering any questions we might ask them. In fact we found that every one with whom we talked had been intimidated, and it was very hard for us to get them to give us any information. We inquired how long it would be before the place would be cleaned up again, and we were told it would be most probably three months. Prisoners do not receive clothing unless they get so naked they can't leave their cells with what they have. The superintendent told us he is not required to furnish clothing to them at all.

The first thing that greeted our ears upon entering the stockade was cries for more air. The cells are about 8x10 feet, with solid doors and no ventilation, save a small grating and one in the back wall. These doors should be changed into barred doors for the Summer. Prisoners are confined in these cells all day Sundays.

From information we have gathered from competent authority we are convinced that with the 21 cents per day per capita and the farm products, that the inmates of this institution can be furnished with three meals per day, with good food and with necessary clothing and medicine. The present food supply is not of good quality, and is insufficient for the sustenance of a man. Dinner at 2 P. M. and breakfast at 9 A. M. gives nineteen hours that these people exist without anything to eat.

The report is signed by Mr. Ed. C. Craft, and approved by Messrs. I. Shrier, George B. Myers and C. T. Joyce.

There were several cases for petty offences tried yesterday during the brief session of the court.

Rosa King, colored, was sentenced to six months in jail on conviction for nuisance. Louise Newkirk, colored, was found not guilty of a similar offence and Harry A. Steele was convicted of abandonment. Judgment was suspended on condition that he go back to his wife and render her proper support.

Presentment Against Chadwick.

The grand jury, before making their final report, returned a number of presentments, which will go over to the next term of the court. One of the most important was an indictment against Mr. M. G. Chadwick, Superintendent of the County Home and Work House. Criminal negligence is charged in that he permitted J. Tilman Howard to escape from the Work House. An offence of this character is punishable by both fine and imprisonment.

Judge Battle will leave this morning for his home. In conversation with a STAR repotrer he said yesterday afternoon that the county commissioners have signified their positive intention to establish the chain gang system of improving public roads and he has in pronouncing sentence upon the various criminals provided that they work upon the public roads. He very much disapproves of the present combination Work House and County Home system and thinks the chain gang will solve the problem of successfully separating the two departments and render the convicts profitable instead of a constant drain upon the county.

BOYS' BRIGADE ENCAMPMENT.

Second Annual Outing First Battalion at Carolina Beach—Company's Youthful Mascot.

The members of the First Battalion N. C. Boys' Brigade of America, Col. Walker Taylor commanding, left yesterday afternoon for Camp Kenan, Carolina Beach, where they will remain in camp for ten days.

The boys were dressed in their handsome new uniforms and presented a very fine appearance as they went aboard the *Wilmington* for the trip down the river.

The following orders were issued yesterday morning by order of Col. Taylor, through Percy Hall, First Lieutenant and Adjutant.

HEADQUARTERS
FIRST BATTALION OF N. C.
BOYS' BRIGADE OF AMERICA.

The second encampment of this battalion will formally open at Camp Kenan (named in honor of our friend and townsman, Capt. W. R. Kenan, as a slight token of our appreciation of the interest he has so universally taken in behalf of the young men of North Carolina) this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock, and the following assignments are announced to be in effect during said encampment: First Lieut. E. P. Dudley, with rank as captain of the first company; Second Lieut. J. J. Loughlin, captain of second company; First Sergeant Percy Hall, battalion adjutant; Private C. C. Loughlin, first sergeant of first company; Corporal Malcom Parker, first sergeant of second company.

The following hours will be observed during the encampment: Reville, 5.30 A. M.; assembly, 5.45 A. M.; mess, 6 A. M.; company drill, 6.30 A. M.; recall, 7.30 A. M.; sick call, 7.45 A. M.; religious exercises, 8 A. M.; guard mount, 8.45 A. M.; mess, 12 noon; battalion drill, 4 P. M.; dress parade, 5.30 P. M.; mess, 6 P. M.; tattoo, 8 P. M.; taps, 9 P. M.

One officer-of-the-day, one sergeant and as many corporals and privates as may be necessary will be detailed daily for guard duty.

Following is a roster of the battalion:

Colonel—Walker Taylor, commanding.
Captain—Edwin P. Dudley.
Captain—Joseph J. Loughlin.
Adjutant—Percy Hall.
Sergeant Major—Alonzo Burruss.

Non-commissioned Officers and Privates—Walter Blackmon, Sam Brittain, Tom Ramsey, Malcolm Parker, Dawson Barnes, George Burruss, John Brown, William Curtis, Wilbur Dosher, Albert Dosher, Fred Dock, Hans Kure, Chas. Loughlin, Amos Matthews, James Orrell, Robert Presson, Fred Russ, Joe Linder, Thad Tyler, Harry Thomas, Chas. Woodbury, James Price, Tom Capps, Ed Bender, Francis Garrison, Owen Taylor.

Master Thomas Hunter, Jr., son of Dr. T. M. Hunter, of Fayetteville, goes along with the battalion as mascot and has already been royally welcomed by the boys. He is easily the favorite in camp. Dr. Hunter, upon a recent visit to Wilmington, became so infatuated with the movement inaugurated by Col. Taylor that he gladly accepted an invitation for his son to go into camp with the brigade.

— Mr. E. F. Young, a prominent business man of Dunn, N. C., was in the city yesterday. Mrs. Young, who has been spending some time at Wrightsville Beach, returned with him last evening.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F.

Wilmington Delegates Returned Yesterday—Will Meet Here in 1900—Notes of the Sessions.

Grand Scribe B. J. Jacobs, Grand Marshal L. L. Boon and Grand Representative Richard J. Jones returned on the noon train yesterday via the Seaboard Air Line from Charlotte, where they have been in attendance upon the Grand Encampment of Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

The meeting came to a close with the afternoon session Thursday and the visitors left Charlotte with memories of a very pleasant and profitable session.

Grand Scribe Jacobs was re elected to his office and Grand Inside Sentinel Boon was named as Grand Marshal at the annual election of officers Thursday morning.

A number of places were put in nomination for the grand encampment to be held on the third Wednesday in August 1900, but Wilmington received a majority of the votes cast on the second ballot and it goes without saying that the enthusiastic Odd Fellows of Wilmington will royally entertain the visiting bretheren at that time.

After the afternoon session Thursday the grand encampment repaired to the banquet hall of the Odd Fellow building, where refreshments were served by members of Charlotte Lodge Daughters of Rebekah No. 19. I. O. O. F. Several after dinner speeches were made by the patriarchs, expressing their grateful appreciation of the entertainment and hospitality extended by the sister lodge.

DEATH OF F. RICHARD HAWES.

Occurred at the Home of His Brother in Nebraska Yesterday Mourieg.

Many friends in Wilmington heard yesterday through a telegram to President James W. Monroe of the Second Regiment Band, of the death of Mr. F. Richard Hawes, which occurred at the home of his brother, Mr. J. B. Hawes, in Omaha, Neb., yesterday morning at 10.25 o'clock.

Mr. Hawes had been very low with consumption for several months and while his death was not wholly unexpected the news came with sadness to many, who had known him in Wilmington when he was in the enjoyment of more perfect health. For a number of years he was cashier of the First National Bank in this city and was an honorary member of the Second Regiment Band. He was also an active and useful member of Jefferson Lodge No. 61., K. of P., Cape Fear Lodge No. 2., I. O. O. F., and of the reserve corps of the Wilmington Light Infantry.

The funeral with Odd Fellow and Pythian honors will be held at Omaha to day from the residence of Mr. J. B. Hawes and the Seventh Ward Military Band, of that city, in courtesy to the Second Regiment Band of Wilmington will act as funeral escort.

Among the floral tributes will be one—a harp design—by Capt. Monroe, he having telegrapned an order to a well known florist of that city yesterday.

HAS A STRANGE DELUSION.

Masonboro Man Will Be Sent to Hospital For Insane—His Case.

Mr. John C. Craig, of Masonboro township, was brought to the city yesterday by Deputy Sheriffs Terry and Millis and placed in jail, awaiting the perfection of arrangements for his entrance into the State hospital for the insane.

Friends of the unfortunate man reported his case to the sheriff yesterday and Messrs. Millis and Terry, who went to Masonboro, found him on the beach gathering drift-wood for a fire at his camp a short way off on the sands.

For the past several months he has lived principally on the sea in a small shad skiff. A few months ago he successfully made a trip to Charleston and returned in his frail craft, and yesterday told the deputies who went for him that he had "seen the whole world and that the people were after him.' In his boat yesterday he had a gun heavily loaded with duck shot, which had to be secured from him by strategy.

He offered but little if any resistance to the officers and appeared perfectly happy at the jail last night. The gun he said was for self protection.

Colored Evangelization.

Rev. Christmas, who is remembered here as once pastor of Central Baptist Church, colored, of this city, is again in Wilmington on an evangelistic tour, and will preach at Central Church to-morrow morning and night. He will also conduct services at Shiloh Church at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Rev. Christmas has recently resigned the pastorate of a church in Charlestown, W. Va., to take up work on the "Evangelistic co-operative plan, embracing the United States, for the general uplifting and improvement of the colored people."

Cotton and Naval Stores.

Weekly receipts of cotton and naval stores at the port of Wilmington were posted at the Produce Exchange yesterday as follows:

Week ending August 11th, 1899—Cotton, 2 bales; spirits, 1,606 casks; rosin, 4,106 barrels; tar, 1,904 barrels; crude turpentine, 581 barrels.

Week ending August 11th, 1898—Cotton 24 bales; spirits turpentine, 1,628 casks; rosin, 2,850 barrels; tar, 1,949 barrels; crude turpentine, 447 barrels.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH

U. S. Court of Appeals Reverses One of Judge Simonton's Decisions.

STANLY COUNTY BOND CASE.

A. and M. College—The Textile School. State Farmer's Alliance—Peabody School Fund—Colored Teachers' Institute.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 11.

The executive committee of the A. and M. College is in session here. The committee met yesterday afternoon and for two hours at the college discussed principally the establishment of the textile school and selecting a site for the building. Last night they met at the Yarborough and were in session till after midnight. The most important action taken was to authorize the President of the board, Mr. Primrose, to borrow $10,000, to be used in the erection of the Textile School building and to pledge such revenues of the college as may be necessary to secure payment of interest on the same. The president of the college is also authorized to secure such funds for this purpose as he may be able.

The Farmers Alliance.

The State Farmers' Alliance, which has been in session this week at Hillsboro, adjourned yesterday. One of its most important acts was the appointment of a committee consisting of the most energetic alliancemen in each of the three political parties, to draft an address to the farmers of the State urging them to join together to build up a great fraternal organization, such as the alliance was ten years ago.

As an experiment, State Superintendent Mebane, has this year spent $300 of the Peabody school fund, that goes to colored Normal schools in holding institutes for colored teachers. He is so far greatly pleased with the result and thinks the expenditure will prove to be a wise one.

The Next State Fair.

Mr. L. A. Carr, of Durham, has been appointed chief marshal of the next State Fair and has accepted the appointment. He will name a corp of representative business men of the State as his assistants.

The lumber road of Mr. T. M. Hall, extending from the Atlantic Coast Line railroad, at Dunn, four miles west into the pine forests, together with Mr. Hall's lumber interest and mills, has been bought by Mr. J. C. Angier, general manager of the Cape Fear and Northern railroad, which runs from Apex, on the Seaboard Air Line, in this county, to the Harnett county pine forests. The link between the two roads will shortly be built. The trade cost Mr. Angier about $15,000 cash.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Stanly County Bond Case.

A telegram from Richmond announces that the Circuit Court of Appeals has reversed Judge Simonton's decision in the Stanly County bond case, and remanded it with directions to dismiss the bill. The title of the case is the Commissioners of Stanly county against Coler and Co. Coler filed a bill in equity before Judge Simonton to enjoin Stanly county from repudiating its indebtedness on county bonds. Simonton decided in Coler's favor and appointed a receiver. Stanly appealed the case and it was heard at Richmond last Spring.

EXCURSION FROM SELMA.

More Than 500 People Arrived Via Fayetteville Yesterday.

An excursion arrived here about 12:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Selma via Fayetteville. There were seven passenger cars and one baggage car with five hundred people aboard, The STAR is relibly informed that fully four hundred people were left at varrious stations because of the inability of the management to secure extra cars, a telegram ordering other cars, it is said, having failed in some way to reach the railroad in time for provision to be made for the unexpectedly large patronage.

Mr. S. A. Burns, of Fayetteville is manager of the excursion.

On arrival in the city the train was met by the steamer *Wilmington* at the A. C. L. wharf and a large number went aboard for a trip to Carolina Beach. Many of the excursionists also visited Wrightsville beach during the afternoon, and the train left the city with the excursionists homeward bound about 11 o'clock.

It Comes High.

The work of repairing and opening the culvert, which is designed to drain the depression in the earth near the Second Advent Church was finished yesterday at noon and the force of one hundred extra hands discharged. The premises are now said to be in good comparatively sanitary condition. The hands have been employed since Monday and Assistant Clerk and Treasurer White will pay them off today. The pay roll for this extra labor amounts to $413 in the aggregate. The hands were paid at the rate of ten cents per hour and the brick masons, of whom there were five at prices prevailing in the city.

Death of Mrs. J. W. Davis.

Friends in this city will hear with regret of the death of Mrs. Mary E. Davis, which occurred yesterday afternoon at the residence of her husband, Mr. J. W. Davis, corner Sixth and Castle streets after an extended illness of two years with consumption. Deceased leaves a husband and three children—two sons and a daughter—who mourn their loss. The funeral will be from the Second Advent Church at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon, and the interment will be at Bellevue Cemetery.

RACE AETER WATCH THIEF.

Negro Thought to Be Implicated in Larceny of Watch From Excursionist Lodged in Jail.

Deputy Sheriffs J. P. Flynn and George T. Bland were led a lively chase yesterday afternoon by a negro whom, it is supposed, is implicated in the larceny of a watch from Mr. W. P. Barber, of Fayetteville, who came down on the excursion from Selma and Dunn yesterday.

The watch was stolen from Mr. Barber yesterday morning, and upon reaching the city he immediately conferred with the authorities relative to the recovery of his property.

A young white man, who came with Mr. Barber on the excursion, was at first arrested, but having proved his innocence, he was released. The officers next secured a clue implicating a negro, who was soon located in Mr. W. V. Sellers' pawn shop at tempting to secure a loan on a gold watch similar in appearance to that lost by Mr. Barber. As the officers appeared at the door of the store, the negro made a dash and ran down Orange to Water street and down Water to Nun, where he was taken in charge by Superintendent of Streets Perry who happened to be passing in that vicinity, The watch was, however, not found on his person and the presumption is that he threw it away during the chase, which was an exciting one, the officers having fired several times in the air to halt him.

He refused to give his name to Justice McGowan before whom he will be tried at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but at the jail he was recorded as John Jones.

Wilmington Vs. Fort Caswell.

The game of base ball between Wilmington and Fort Caswell was witnessed by a rather small crowd, who are not very enthusiastic in commenting upon the game. The score stood 12 to 1 in favor of the Wilmington team. The runs for Wilmington were made by Person, Brenig, Brunson, Morton, Sinclair and Alston. The run for Fort Caswell was by Wise, in the fifth inning. Only six innings were played. There was one run in each of the first, second and sixth innings, five in the third, two in the fourth and two in the fifth innings. The line up was as follows:

Wilmington.		Fort Caswell.
Person	p	Hiser
Brenig	ss	Duvall
Johnston	2b	Anderson
Brunson	1b	Stakalback
Morton	c	Ratcliff
Jones, B	lf	Wise
Schutte	3b	Griffith
Sinclair	rf	Childress
Alston	cf	Forney

Steamer Hurt's Passenger List.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt* arrived on her regular trip from Fayetteville yesterday, permanent repairs having been made to her boiler which was incapacitated by a slight accident on her downward trip last Monday.

Among the passengers who came down were: Mrs. W. S. Cook, Miss Kate Mitchell and Miss Nellie Black, who will occupy during the remainder of the Summer the cottage of Capt. A. D. Brown on Carolina Beach; Mr. O. B. Wightman, wife and little daughter, who will spend some time at Oceanic Hotel, Carolina Beach; Misses Charlotte, Irene and Sue Holland, Masters Robert and Connor Holland, Miss Mary Hill Ahearn, Mrs. T. J. Jordan, who will also spend some time at the beaches, and Messrs. John McKinnon and Thomas Green.

He Notes Many Changes.

Dr. H. M. McDonald and son, of LaGrange, returned to their home yesterday after spending several days in the city, the guests of Dr. McDonald's brother, Dr. A. D. McDonald, 314 North Fourth street. He speaks in the highest terms of the industrial progress of the city and says many changes for the better have been made since his visit here last August. He also is loud in his praise of Wilmington's seaside resorts.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 8.15 P. M. Wednesdays.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church: No service at 11 o'clock. Preaching at 8 o'clock P. M. by Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D. Sunday School at 3.30. Prayer meeting at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening.

Regular religious services at Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. R. R. Windley. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All are welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church: Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M., conducted by Rev. C. M. Payne, D. D. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8.15. All are cordially invited.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M., at which the Communion of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated. No afternoon service. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

Second Advent Baptist Church, between Castle and Church streets. Preaching by the pastor, Elder E. Fisher, at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Sunday School at 4 P. M. Prayer meetings Tuesday and Friday nights at 8. Strangers and visitors cordially invited. Seats free.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Payseur, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordialyl invited to all services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School, J. E. Davis, supt., 4.00 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.15 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

DIED.

DAVIS—In this city, yesterday at 3.30 P. M., Mrs. MARY E. DAVIS, wife of Mr. J. W. Davis, age 44 years.

Funeral at 4.30 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon from the Second Advent Church. Interment at Bellevue Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited.

ATLANTIC CLUB HOP LAST NIGHT.

There Was Excellent Music and a Merry Company of Dancers.

The hop at the Atlantic club house on Wrightsville Beach last night afforded a highly enjoyable evening for quite a company of clubmen and ladies. The music was, as usual, excellent, furnished by the Baltimore Italian Band, which is engaged to furnish music during the entire season. Ladies from a distance in attendance were Miss M. T. Fowler, of Rochester, New York; Miss Weller, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Mrs. Herbert Lutterloh, of Fayetteville; Miss Dortch, of Goldsboro; Mrs. J. T. Hinsdale, of Goldsboro; Mrs. W. H. Carr and Miss Forbes, of Red Springs; Miss Rita Bridgers, of Tarboro; Miss Finch, of Carthage; Miss Nan Clark, of Tarboro; Miss Baldwin and Miss Edna Baldwin, of Annapolis.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We Can and Will

We Can

Sell you goods in our line of best quality and we can make prices much lower than some would-be competitors, and we guarantee full satisfaction.

We Will

Give you such odds as will enable you to increase your business if you offer them to the consumer—instead of trying to meet some low quality and price competitor. Farseeing merchants don't practice this short sighted policy. We sell

Winchester Hams and Picnics. Squire's Pig Bellies, "Seal" brand Leaf Lard and all kinds Canned Meats.

WE ARE OVERRUN WITH ORDERS FOR

"Cuban Blossom"..... 5c Cigar
"Santa Bana."..... 5c Cigar
"El Capitan General"....10c Cigar

We carry all brands Cheroots and Cigarettes and solicit your enquiries.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.

jy 2 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it, It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jy 27 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats. September Mullets.

s 1 tf

GERMANIA.

PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.

STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.

BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.

THE WORTH CO.

jy 14 tf

PORK, PORK.

200 bbls Reg. Mess Pork
100,000 lbs Rib Sides.
500 bbls Molasses.
200 bbls Sugar.
300 bags Coffee.
2,000 Machine Spirit Casks
4,000 bushels Corn.
1,000 bushels Meal.

Also, Salt, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and other goods.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 and 124 North Water street.

aug 11 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 8.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER, Manager.

Je 6 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12.

STRIKES SELDOM IN THE SOUTH.

Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, has a very interesting paper on trusts and strikes in a recent issue of the the New York *Journal*, from which we make the following extract:

"One of the most noteworthy and significant features of the situation is that labor troubles are confined almost exclusive to the North. They seldom occur in the South. This immunity is due partly to the absence of the foreign element. Society is more homogeneous—among the whites, also, there is less inequality of condition. Great fortunes are few. The burdens of life are less. The beneficence of the soil and the sky deprives poverty of its hardships and diminishes the necessity for toil. The negroes are not disturbed by social problems nor incited by ambition. Competition is more free, opportunity less restricted. Trusts and combinations have not absorbed the resources and monopolized the activities of the people."

As brief as this is it accurately describes the situation, the contrast between the North and the South, and the advantage of the South over the North in those things that make society better and make peace and harmony surer, and life more pleasant. The North is all rush, one running over the other in the scramble for money, every one trying to get on top regardless of the number trampled on in getting there, some succeeding, many failing and the result antagonisms created and strife engendered, which is always the case when the few amass great fortunes and the masses must struggle for subsistence.

The tendency in the North has for some years been to combinations and concentration of wealth, absorbing the small industries and consolidating them into large ones under one management; and here the old saying that "corporations have no souls" may be verified. The employes of these large concerns become mere machines who work for so much a day and are expected and required to do the work assigned them with the regularity of an automatic machine and they are not expected to say any more or have any more opinions about any rights that may belong to them than the machine. The men whose money pays for their labor don't know them, never come into contact with them, and many of them rarely see the inside of the establishments in which the toilers work. They put their money into the enterprises, select experienced, competent men from their own number to manage the business, then select competent men to manage the men and the work in the respective departments, and then draw their dividends. That's all the interest they take in the establishments, and none whatever in the workmen in them. Between the employer and the employed in these large establishments there is a wide impassable chasm.

Under the old order of things, before these combines and trusts became the order of the day, the man with some capital started a manufactory of some kind and by industry and perseverance built up and enlarged. He employed a few men to begin with, and more as his operations extended, but those men never became so numerous that he couldn't remember their names if he desired to; they were thrown into constant contact and stood close together. There were many such establishments. Every State, city and town had them. There were no labor unions then—there were no strikes. The workman of last year might be the employer of this year. He became neither purse-proud nor class arrogant. The present condition of the South, as Mr. Ingalls describes it, was much the condition of the North a generation ago, before the millionaire became so common, and the trust crowded the individual employer out.

Who that takes the sensible view of it will not say the South is the more to be envied of the two sections, and that the absence of great fortunes is not more than offset by the peace and harmony existing between employer and employed, and between the different classes of people, if the word "classes" can be used where all stand so much upon a level in the industrial field? One distracting element in the North may possibly be the multiplicity of nationalities in the industrial body, each having its own peculiar organization, some of which teach very radical doctrines, and in all of which the relations between employer and employed become more or less topics of discussion.

The South does not labor under that disadvantage for this is the most thoroughly American section of the Union, and the section where there is the least disposition to deny to others the rights that may be theirs. We have as yet, it is true, no great manufacturing centers, like the North, but in such as we have the American predominates, the relations between the employer and employed are cordial, and there is no disposition shown by either to crowd the other. As the trust has made no progress in the South, neither has the labor union, for organization of this kind begets counter-organization. The laborers will combine to protect themselves if they can against the capitalists who combine to control them. Possibly in the march of industrial progress it may be different in the South and we may be brought nearer to the conditions that now prevail in the North, but it will be a good while before that happens, and we will have to pass through a very decided revolution before it does.

We desire to see the South increase in wealth, and we desire to see industrial progress, and to hear the whir and hum of machinery, but we do not wish to see it to the extent that the workman will lose his individuality and become a mere machine. Better less wealth and less progress, and more peace, harmony and manhood recognition.

"CHASING THE NATIVES."

The Baltimore *Sun* publishes a letter from Lieut. Edgar T. Conley, now at Manila, to his brother, Dr. C. H. Conley. The letter, under date of June 21st, describes the movement on Guadaloupe ridge, where the Filipinos were entrenched. We make the following extract:

"It was no trouble at all to drive them out of the trenches, and a number were killed. I came upon some of them almost torn to pieces by the shells of our artillery. Then we advanced through the thick underbrush and under the burning sun. Many of my men were overcome by heat, and the marching was very difficult. We struck across an open rice field, and as we went we could see the natives a mile ahead taking to the woods. I ordered my men to throw away their haversacks and come on if they could. We started after them, but out of the 90 men with whom I started only 25 were left after we had gone a mile and a half because of the heat. General Whaeton saw the exhausted condition of the soldiers and ordered a halt. By reason of this halt the natives were able to slip between us and the bay and get away. If we had not been compelled to make that halt we would have bagged the lot of them.

"Going on we found a number of deserted towns, which had been left by the people before we came up. We found a number of the Filipinos hiding about in the bushes and picked them up, but soon turned them loose again. All our prisoners are liberated as soon as we catch them, and are ungrateful enough to go right back, join their own men and begin shooting at us again.

"Companies F and L, numbering 160 men, came upon a force of natives a few days ago, about 500 strong, and had very little ammunition with them. The natives discovered this, and also the smallness of the force, and pressed forward with determination. The appearance of a lot of marines from the bay saved the companies, and the natives were chased about ten miles. Several officers and about fifteen men in the two companies were killed. I am never surprised to receive an order to turn out and chase the natives."

As Gen. Funston once described it, this war is a sort of "jack rabbit chase." The way the Kansas boys ran and shot down the flying Filipinos reminded him of the way they chase jack rabbits in Kansas. There are two points in this extract worthy of note. The first is the terrible ordeal to which soldiers in our army are subjected without any apparent necessity for it. This Lieutenant started with ninety men, under the blazing sun, making such a hurried march that they were ordered to throw away their haversacks, and before a mile and a half was covered all but twenty-five were exhausted? What was this for? To chase flying Filipinos who were used to running, could run a good deal faster than our men could follow, and didn't mind the heat, for they were born to that. Necessity may excuse putting men through such torturing ordeals as that, but nothing else will.

The other point is that which refers to turning captured Filipinos loose, who showed their "gratitude" by promptly joining their own lines and began shooting at our soldiers again. The Lieutenant may consider this an exhibition of ingratitude, but the average reader will construe it as an evidence of the spirit that actuates the Filipinos in arms, their tenacity of purpose, and their dogged determination to fight us while there is any hope of holding their own by fighting.

The corn crop of this country this year is estimated at 2,050,000,000 bushels, against 1,924,000,000 bushels last year.

BLACK MARBLE.

In speaking of the announcement by the Walnut Cove *Argus* that the water falls near that place had been purchased by a company which would establish an electric plant and run an electric railway to Danbury, ten miles distant, the Raleigh *Post* says:

"Some years ago we were shown a specimen of pure black marble which came from Stokes. It was as pretty a piece of stone as we ever saw, the polish on it reflecting almost equal to a mirror. The gentleman who had it and showed it to us, the late Dr. C. D. Smith of Macon county, a distinguished geologist, said it was the prettiest and best specimen—the purest—of black marble he had ever seen. Just before the accident which finally resulted in his death, he was expecting to visit the county and ascertain the extent of the marble. He also remarked that when the county secured good railroad facilities, its natural fertility and resources of various kinds of great value would make it one of the richest and most attractive sections of the country."

There is white marble in Stokes county, but until we read this we were not aware of the fact that black marble had been discovered there. But nothing of that kind surprises us, for there is more under the crust of North Carolina than any of us dream of, and there are very few of us who have an accurate conception of what has been discovered. But all that hill country bordering on Virginia is naturally rich—rich in soil, rich in timber, and rich in stones and metallic ores, how rich in these will not be known until some systematic exploration has been made.

And with all that it can be made one of the finest farming, pasturing and fruit growing sections in this country. It is capable of sustaining ten times its present population in comfort, and then, with thrifty culture, have a good margin for sale.

TOO MUCH DIVORCE.

The Greensboro papers say there are fifteen divorce cases on the docket of Guilford county for trial at next term of court. Papers in other counties also note the number of cases where people are seeking to have the connubial knot loosened, and this is construed by some as an evidence that North Carolina must be morally, socially and domestically on the down grade; but we think it will be found that a very large majority of these cases are colored, a fact which is not usually as plainly stated as it should be by the papers in making mention of the applications for divorce. This would be true, we believe, of the whole South. The fact that the largely increased number of divorces is noted, and commented upon without reference to the color of the applicants leaves the impression that they are white, and that our people are becoming demoralized.

There is no doubt that the comparative ease with which divorces may now be obtained has had a tendency to increase the number of suits, but, eliminating the colored element, not to such an extent as to indicate or portend social wreck. But very little of this is too much, and instead of letting down the legal bars to make jumping over easier they should be put up, and, as the old legal phrase has it, made "bull high and pig tight."

One of the most perplexed citizens of Mississippi is Hon. Mark A. Dees, who ran the ordeal of the primaries and got left. He felt so bad about it that he subsequently propounded several inquiries, among them the following: "How can I account for the fact that a young man almost wholly unknown to nine-tenths of the voters of our county received almost twice as many votes as I did?" There may two ways of accounting for this. Perhaps it was because the young man was almost wholly unknown to so many of the voters, and Mr. Dees wasn't. Voters sometimes get tired of people they know.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Shelling, without notice, a town occupied by friendlies and the arrest of a colonel for slowness and the seeming reluctance of the companies under him seem to suggest that Secretary Root's intention to prosecute the war with vigor is being carried out.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—— There is a large crop of opinions sprouting all the way from the extreme East to the far West personal to Mr. Root. There seems to be a striking similarity about them. If Mr Root will collate and digest them, it may dawn on him that mankind in the collective, reasoning from cause to effect, has arrived at only one reason for his appointment.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— No one can doubt now that the Columbia is a better boat than the Defender. We only wish, in the interest of good sport, that the Shamrock has shown a wider margin between her and the Britannia. The Defender's victory over the Vigilant the other day makes rather hollow the reason on which British yachtsmen build their calculations and hopes.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

—— An exchange remarks that "General Otis has not succeeded in the Philippines." This is only partially true. He has succeeded to a remarkable degree in proving his incapacity and making himself thoroughly disliked by nearly every man of his command. He has succeeded also in drawing the American line six miles further back than it was when he took command. Otis is said to be in high favor, however, with the Filipinos. They find him "easy."—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Southport *Standard:* Capts. O. D. Burriss and T. G. Burriss did successful fishing in Buzzard Bay last week and among others in a bunch sold Capt. J. J. Weeks was a trout that was found on opening to contain a bright penny coin in the year 1859.

— Kinston *Free Press:* Mr. James Monroe Wooten, a prominent farmer of South West township, died Tuesday about midnight of paralysis. Mr. Wooten was born in Fayetteville, August 11, 1827. He came to Kinston and was engaged in merchandising before the war.

— Dunn *Union:* The edge tool and iron works plant now being erected by the John A. McKay Manufacturing Company, will be a commodious structure when completed. It will contain 6,000 feet of floor space and part of the building will be double-story.

— Wilson *Ledger:* Arthur Hoggard, a negro aged 18, was incarcerated Saturday on the charge of rape. The victim was a negro girl named Mattie Freeman, aged 13 years. The offence was in Indian Woods township, near Quitsna. The case will be tried next month.

— Salisbury *Sun:* Mr. H. L. Rusher, of this city, has just returned from a visit to the Union Copper mines at Gold Hill. He says he was told by Mr. Ed Crowell, an old and experienced miner, that the richest gold and copper ore he had ever seen had just been taken from the Dutch Creek mine.

— Goldsboro *Argus:* The sudden death of Mr. E. J. Martin, of Mt. Olive, occurred there Wednesday, shortly after dinner. He had just finished dinner, and taking a newspaper went into his store and reclined on the counter to read, when he instantly died, without speaking a word. He was in his usual good health and his death is supposed to be due to apoplexy.

Scotland Neck *Commonwealth:* Mr. Silas Weeks died at his home near Epworth, in Edgecombe county, of heart and lung trouble, August 5, 1896, aged 73 years, 11 months and 12 days. —— The editor of the *Commonwealth* had the pleasure of seeing some of the crops in Martin county a few days ago, and they certainly are fine. Indeed crops are good all through this part of the State. It surely looks now like plenty will crown the efforts of the farmers this year.

— Tarboro *Southerner:* Tuesday morning the conductor on the local freight, which left here about 4 o'clock, telegraphed the office here from Speed that a dead man was on the track just below Mrs. Walston's. At once several left for the scene, where they found a white man, Sanford K. Gregory, lying face downward on the town side of the track in the path running along by the ends of the crossties. An examination showed that his skull on the right side was crushed in and fractured badly. There were hemorrhages from the wound and nose. The eyes were swollen, puffed out, and much conjected. The body was still warm.

TWINKLINGS.

— Richly—"Money talks." Scrimpers—"Yes; but through the long-distance telephone in my case."

— "Little Dick ate no dinner. Is he sick?" "No; somebody told him we were going to have ice cream."—*Chicago Record.*

— Doctor—"Have you taken any remedy for this trouble?" Patient—"No, doctor, I have not; but I've taken a power of medicine."

— He (about to propose)—"I intend to devote my life to make a woman happy." She—"Then you have resolved to remain a bachelor?"—*New York World.*

— "Gray thinks a man is never too old to play golf." "Not?" "No. He says if he had one foot in the grave he'd rather have the other on the links."—*Puck.*

— Dobson—"Did you ever observe how much Toucher's little body is like him?" Jobson—"Yes; only yesterday the child asked me for a penny."—*Ohio State Journal.*

— Little three-year-old Edith in trying to put on her shoes and stockings one morning got them slightly mixed. "Why, Edith," exclaimed her mamma, "you have got your soes on the wrong feet!" "Well, what tan I do mamma?" she asked. "Zem's all the feet I's dot."

— "Ye Gods," exclaimed Rowland Rantts, as he peered through the peephole, "we have an alms asylum to-night." The sweet singer stared blankly. "I don't understand you, Mr. Rantts. Did you say we had an alms asylum?" "Yes, or in other words, we have a poor house."—*Helter Welt.*

— Uncle Thomas—"I like ter git up early. Then I can git my work done 'fore night an' be able ter go ter bed early." Johnny—"W't yer want ter go ter bed early for?" Uncle Thomas "Why, so's I can git up early. You know very little 'bout the true philosophy of life."—*Judge.*

— "Now, boys," said the teacher, addressing the junior class in natural history, "you have been reading about the friendly relations existing between man and some of the lower animals. Can any one of you tell what animal has the greatest natural fondness for man?" "Yes, ma'am, I can," promptly replied one little fellow. "Very well, Johnny," said the teacher, "what animal is it?" "Woman," answered the youthful observer.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 19-13.
Cuslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

Trees and Thunderstorms.

It is useful to know what kind of trees are most likely to be struck by lightning, because trees afford shelter in thunderstorms, though a dangerous refuge, and they often grow near buildings. Accordding to Mr. Alexander McAdie, the eminent meteorologist, the order of liability to be struck is represented by the following figures: Oak, 54; trees collectively—that is, in a clump—40; tall pine trees, 15, and beech, 1. The oak is therefore the worst and the beech the best shelter. After rain trees are not so apt to split with the stroke as before it.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

FOR THE FARMER.

Seed Distribution on Scientific Lines by the Agricultural Department. Care of Pigs.

"The great country lying in the temperate zone and stretching from ocean to ocean has within its confines almost every condition of climate and soil," says Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department. "It is possible therefore to grow to highest perfection somewhere in the United States almost everything in the world. We are trying to ascertain what particular parts of the United States will grow certain grains, fruits and vegetables and to what parts certain grains, etc., are peculiarly adapted. We find, for instance, that the finest muskmelons sold in the eastern markets come from the dry valleys of Colorado. There is, however, in the valleys of Afghanistan, perhaps the original home of the melon, a muskmelon greatly superior even to those raised in the west. So to Afghanistan we sent our agent, who returned us a quantity of seeds of the famous muskmelon, which often grows to a weight of 20 or 30 pounds.

"Years ago the calla lily was very rare and very expensive. Its place in the popular esteem was taken by the beautiful Easter lily. Every one at Easter time likes to see Easter lilies about, but they are expensive. The bulbs come from Bermuda, where the soil is very rich. But the production of the bulbs of these lilies, which grow so rapidly, exhausts the soil, and, as the soil in Bermuda is very thin, they will scarcely be able to produce the lilies much longer. They must have three things—a rich soil, heat and water. So we have imported 500 bulbs, which we are distributing across the southern states.

"The Californians complained that their fig trees were like those in the Bible which bore no figs. They had fine trees, fine flowers and very favorable conditions. Everything was there except the figs. Our scientists examined the situation carefully and decided that the trouble was that the pollen was not reaching the female flower. This was demonstrated by means of artificial fertilization. The pollen was blown into the flowers by a blowpipe, and those flowers produced fruit. An agent was sent to Smyrna to see how the trees there were fertilized, and he found a peculiar bee which lived among the fig trees and carried the pollen from flower to flower by means of its hairy legs. The people of Smyrna did not want to let any of these bees go out of the country, but our agent brought some away on twigs. Unfortunately they were dead before they reached us, and some more will have to be obtained.

"On the shores of the Mediterranean, in Algiers, is a branch of this department. We find that the date palm flourishes in Arizona, so our agent in Algiers has had the date palm grafted and planted, and when the young trees are ready to be removed he will take them up and carry them to Arizona, and we will produce our own dates.

"Some years ago there were no beet sugar factories. Now there are a large number, but not nearly enough to supply the country with sugar. We experimented until we found where the best sugar beets could be raised, and then we induced the farmers to plant the beets and the manufacturers to plant the factories. As a result we are turning out hundreds of tons of sugar and keeping thousands of dollars at home.

"To ascertain the best grain for our northern states and to procure the most hardy seeds we have an agent in southern Russia who is going among the farmers asking What is your best grain? How do you plant it? Which is the hardiest variety? He will send us the wheat which they use and other grains. The westerners complained they had no grass that could stand the drought, so we sent to the steppes of Russia and got some of that grass."

Apple Tree Wood.

We never advise cutting down a healthy apple tree, even though it be long unproductive. So long as it is sound in the trunk it may be made to produce profitable crops. But there are many old trees too far gone to be worth saving, and thousands such are cut up and burned for firewood every winter. Apple tree wood is worth too much to be put to such uses, though apple wood makes a hot fire and an ash rich in potash. It is a very tough wood, and even when full of knots its value for manufacturing purposes is rather enhanced than lessened. The factories will drive as hard a bargain with the farmer as they can, but sound apple wood cut in suitable shapes is worth many times its value as firewood, and the farmers who have such wood should know the fact.—Boston Cultivator.

Care of Pigs.

One of my neighbors had four litters of pigs to come on the 10th of February, with the mercury 14 degrees below zero. He made good beds of short stuff and kept away from the sows except at feeding time. He saved 23 out of 26 pigs. Another man had three litters to come the same day. He had good beds and good shelter, but he only saved four pigs out of 25. This man just staid in the hoghouse and kept the sows "stirred up" so badly that it was impossible for them to care for their offspring.

A Rural Financier.

"Bill, you go out an clear up 'bout ten acres of new groun', while John gits 'bout 20 acres ready for cotton, an Dick lays off 60 for corn an 200 for watermillions; then saddle the mules with the mortgages an lay in a year's provisions, an I'll stay at home an figger just how fur we'll be behind when the year's out!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Shoeing Young Horses.

Do not be in too big a hurry to shoe young horses. A foot that has never been shod will stand a good deal of work, especially about the farm.—Live Stock.

A Word About Seasickness.

V. A. Chapman, late surgeon of the Holland-America line, writing to The Medical Record, says:

"Just a word about seasickness. If you intend to take a sea voyage, have your friends come the evening before your departure. Get them to stay half the night at least. Open several bottles of 'bon voyage' cheer, eat plenty of cake, ice cream, etc., and if you are not good and seasick when you get out upon the waters then you never will be seasick.

"If those about to depart upon a voyage would take eight hourly doses of one-fourth grain of calomel each on the day before unbarking, go to bed early that evening and take two or threedoses of one-fiftieth grain of strychnine nitrate the next forenoon, about one-half the cases of seasickness would be averted."

A Historic Schoolhouse.

On the Isle of Wight stands the old Jacobean grammar school where Charles I held his court during the abortive negotiations with the parliamentary commissioners who sat at the old town hall. The schoolhouse stands on the road to Carisbrooke castle, where the king was a prisoner. The royal apartments were in the gabled front facing the street leading to Cowes, and the schoolroom was used as the king's presence chamber.

Some Chinese rosaries are made of wooden beads, with leather tassels, on which are small brass rings, and are finished at the ends with brass ornaments and tags of leather.

Over 90 boys under 18 years of age have won the Victoria cross.

HE WAS A BLUFFER.

How a Maine Man Got Money For College Expenses.

A successful Auburn man tells the following story of his own experiences: "I wanted to get some money to go to college," says he, "and the only way was to earn it. I had no trade, which made it bad. I resolved that I would try what bluffing would do. I went to Boston, and after awhile I struck a job as a meat cutter. When I went into the store, the proprietor asked me what I could do, and I told him I could cut meat. He wanted a good meat cutter, and I hired out with him. I had seen men cut meat, but had never cut any myself.

"So when I took up a knife and went to work it was not to be wondered at that my employer called me to account. He was on his ear, as they say, and I can't say that I blame him. 'Look here, young man,' he said, 'that ain't the way to cut meat.' 'Well,' said I, 'that's the way they cut meat up in Vermont.' 'I don't care,' he replied, 'this is not Vermont. I want you to understand that if you are going to cut meat in Boston you've got to cut it the way we cut it.' And with this he took the knife and the saw and showed me how they cut meat in Boston. I detained him as long as I could, and I never tried to remember anything half so hard.

"I guess I grasped the situation, for I remained there as meat cutter several months. When I struck Auburn, I had an idea I would go to work in the shoe factories. I went to every factory save one and stated my desire. I didn't know any part of the business, and I got the cold shoulder. Many of the foremen took my name and address and said when they wanted a man they would send for me. I guess they haven't wanted a man since; at any rate they haven't sent for me. When I entered the last shop, I was desperate, and I resolved to try my old game of bluff.

"They asked me what I could do, and I told them I was a cutter, adding that I was very sure I could please them. They set me to work. I went slow at first, for I was watching to see how the fellows did it. By good luck I 'got on to' the cutting without spoiling much leather, and before many days I could cut uppers with the best of them. I worked there two years, and when I left to enter college they seemed sorry to have me go. Since then I have graduated from college, and here I am following my profession, able to hoe my row with my liveliest competitor."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

The Sand Desert of India.

The sand ridges or dhoras of the Indian desert spring from low cross ridges or saddles, like closed fingers from the knuckles of the back of the hand, but in reverse and parallel directions. That is to say, the ridges face both northeast and southwest, covering a longitudinal distance of one to two miles, when they are again repeated in a similar formation. Their cross slopes average two to one and are well covered with desert grasses and bushes, an occasional acacia or rohira tree breaking the monotony of the landscape. This peculiar formation ends abruptly at the sandstone cliffs of Sata, about 1,000 feet above sea level, which form a barrier to their farther extension eastward. When seen for the first time from these heights, they have a confused, wavelike appearance, and it is only ultimately discovered that they form in plan parallel but tapering ridges.

With the exception of the field rat, animal life is absent, and the old trade route is mostly indicated by the skeletons of camels which dot the track at short intervals.—C. H. Croudace, in Engineering Magazine.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 00
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6½
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	8 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	38	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
Ground Bags		@	4¾
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Sawed	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, r℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	90
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 12, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

Nellie Floyd, 435 tons, Nelson, Heide & Co.

Frank S Hall, 152 tons, Moore, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Bianca Aspacia (It) 451 tons, Paoletta, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Maria Dolores, 610 tons, Bonneau. Powers, Gibbs & Co.

Beware of Imitations!

Consumers should beware of the cheap and inferior washing powders said to be just as good as

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

They are not—there is nothing so good as the genuine **GOLD DUST** for all cleaning about the house. Ask for **GOLD DUST** and insist on getting it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 47 cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks and 46½ cents per gallon bid for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at —— per barrel for Hard, $2.50 for Dip and $2.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26¼@26½c; rosin steady at $1.00@1.05; tar steady at $1.15; crude turpentine steady at $1.00@1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	313
Rosin	561
Tar	523
Crude Turpentine	65

Receipts same day last year.—143 casks spirits turpentine, 266 bbls rosin, 212 bbls tar, 90 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3	7-16	cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4	13-16	" "
Low Middling	5	7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞		" "
Good Middling	6¼		" "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 4.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Extra prime, $1.00@1.10 per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.10@1.e2½. Virginia—Extra prime, 75@80c; fancy, 95c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $2.25 to $3.25; six inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 11.—Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per ct., last

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county. 25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One 10-at three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rai road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and pinus trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SHORT NEWS STORIES.

General Palmer's Story—He Had a Safety Pin—One on Bishop Doane.

"The report of the threatened blindness of ex-Senator Palmer of Illinois brings to my mind the last talk I had with him and the last story I heard him tell," said an Illinois congressman. "It was in Springfield last spring at the old senator's home. A visitor had just been repeating some Spanish boasts, and expressed the fear that we should come out of the war with an easy won victory.

"'That makes me think of a man,' said the ex-senator, 'who used to live down here in Macoupin county, at Carlinville. He went down to St. Louis once, and when he came back he was full of bad whisky and fighting talk. He got off the train at Carlinville depot and began to talk big.

"'"Whoopee!" he said. "I can lick any man in this town!"

"'Nobody paid the slightest attention, and the man went on.

"'"I bet I can lick any man in Macoupin county!" he yelled.

"'Still nobody noticed him. He waxed bolder.

"'"Come on!" he shouted. "I can lick any man in the state of Illinoy."

"'Here somebody took exception to his remarks and knocked him down. He struggled to a sitting posture and appeared to reflect.

"'"Oh, Jim," he said to himself aloud. "Oh, Jim, I reckon you took in too much territory that last time."'"—Washington Post.

He Had a Safety Pin.

The candidacy of Congressman Berry of Kentucky will be enthusiastically indorsed at the next election by at least one woman, says a Cincinnati correspondent of the New York Times. Colonel Berry was traveling in a Newport and Covington Belt line car the other day. In the car also were a number of Newport women who were en route to a convention at a Covington church. While boarding the car one of the women became alarmed at the sudden giv-

ing way of one of her garments. The others were appealed to, but the entire stock of pins contributed proved useless. Colonel Berry, seeing the predicament, produced a safety pin of an unusually large size, with the remark that if it did not answer he would supply another. It proved just what was needed, and the women were profuse in their thanks. The colonel continued reading his paper as if nothing had happened.

Judge Hill of Newport, who learned of the incident, was cruel enough to attribute the colonel's generosity to the fact that he is ready at work fixing up his fences for the next election.

Bishop Doane.

A rather good story is told about Bishop Doane and another member of the Episcopal house of bishops from the middle states who is fond of a good joke, as many of the venerable gentlemen of the churches are. Bishop Doane addresses his colleagues with whom he is on especially familiar terms by the name of their diocese instead of by their surnames and in correspondence frequently makes use of his own and other titles.

It is related that on one occasion he wrote a letter to the other bishop preferred to and in signing it used the term "William of Albany" instead of his name. His correspondent promptly replied to the letter and in his answer said:

"It is really too bad, bishop, that you are not of the western diocese of your state instead of Albany. If you were, you might very appropriately sign yourself 'Buffalo Bill.'"—Washington Times.

SHOT UP INTO SPACE.

AN UNEXPECTED BALLOON RIDE BY A VERMONT FARMER.

A Thrilling Voyage That Was Forced Upon Him by Accident—His Experience In Midair and His Descent to the Earth In Safety.

Eugene McCarthy, a tall, slender Irish Yankee who lived at Waitsfield, Vt., made a sensational voyage at the Mad River Valley fair on Sept. 1, 1897, in a hot air balloon. Tangled in the car ropes, a prisoner by accident, he shot into the air to a height of 3,000 feet, and after struggling and dangling in midair helpless below the car he returned to earth, not a corpse, but the same rugged Green mountain farmer.

More than 2,000 spectators had assembled at the fair grounds in order to witness the balloon ascension. To make the ascension as advertised the professor called to the crowd for volunteer workmen. Eugene McCarthy responded and took his assigned station inside the canvas balloon car. On the outside, by this time, the huge bag had been raised and supported securely by guy ropes on all sides. A fire had been started in a tunnel in order to furnish the necessary hot air. Fed by kerosene, the flame ran through the tunnel and came up inside the uplifted bag with a stream of sparks. McCarthy and the professor were there to prevent these sparks from firing the cloth. Gradually, as the current of hot air swept into the car, the top part swelled forth until the airship became restless in its attempts to leap heavenward. By the faint applause outside McCarthy knew that the young woman performer, who was to make the descent in a parachute, was ready to start.

At a given signal, in order to escape entanglement in the ropes fastened from the balloon car to the parachute, McCarthy jumped to the center of his small circle space. But he caught the hot air from the tunnel full in his face. Half blinded by smoke and flame, he naturally stepped back and unintentionally placed a foot across a raised parachute rope. So when the balloon car, freed from guy ropes, jumped upward, the volunteer workman felt the rope tighten under his leg. By natural impulse he grabbed the rope overhead in order to keep himself from falling head downward. He accordingly soon found himself, not on the ground where he belonged, but in midair, swinging 90 feet above the parachute performer and rushing skyward at express train speed.

In the first confusion of the start upward the spectators did not recognize McCarthy in the balloon. They saw a stranger in the rigging dangling below the big canvas bag and naturally thought, as everything went up noiselessly, his presence there an unadvertised part of the programme. What made the double ascension still more interesting to them was the everyday appearance of the man. He was dressed, not in stage ballet costume like the woman, but in modest farm clothes. Therefore, when a short, thick-set man suggested a yell of approval, the 2,000 men, women and children sent up a mixed cheer to the balloon. In answer the young woman, who rested comfortably on a trapeze bar, bowed and threw a kiss to her admirers. As for the other performer, the man in shirt sleeves, he seemed frightened. He neither bowed nor waved his hand, but held on tight and took no notice of the spectators. They watched him rise to a height of 2,500 feet, where, like his companion, he was merely a dot at the end of a thread.

McCarthy, at the start, heard and obeyed the sound advice of the professor to hold on tight. He felt the earth sink rapidly as in an express elevator in a tall office building, and at 1,000 feet began to feel himself more at home. His car then began to go slower and steadier. So he examined his position in the balloon. For a seat, half way between the hot air bag and parachute top, he had a small iron ring, to which were fastened the ropes of the hot air car and parachute. He attempted to look downward, but as the thought of falling unnerved him he grew dizzy. Then he remembered a faint cheer and wondered why his friends seemed so much pleased at his dangerous position. His musings in midair continued until he heard the voice of his companion performer.

"Hello!" said she.

"Hello!" said McCarthy.

"Are you safe?"

"I guess so."

"Hold on, for I'm going."

"Goodby!" said McCarthy.

"Goodby!" said the girl.

Although at a height of 2,500 feet, McCarthy by this time had begun to be encouraged by the presence of his airship companion. He further had hoped that because of his accidental trip she might not make her drop in the parachute. Her announced start homeward therefore gave him some uneasiness. He naturally preferred her company. But with true Green mountain grit he held on to the ropes and patiently waited for her departure.

From his boyhood McCarthy had lived on a farm and had never handled at the little white schoolhouse on Waitsfield common such questions as the behavior of hot air balloons in the sky. Therefore he never expected when his friend left him to shoot higher in the air. Personally he was satisfied with 2,500 feet, but he was forced to obey the law of nature. Freed of the weight of the girl and parachute, which dropped toward the fair grounds, McCarthy and his airship leaped skyward again. For the next few seconds the solitary prisoner closed his eyelids, held his breath and grasped the ropes tighter. He quickly rose 500 feet, and there, at an altitude of 3,000 feet, floated lazily in the still mountain air. Far above Bald mountain he took a panoramic view of the scenery, which showed the Montreal mountain in Canada, the white peaks in New Hampshire, the whole sweep of Vermont to the south and Lake Champlain and the Adirondacks in New York state. But the man in the balloon soon tired of his view. He then waited for the hot, smoky air in the car to cool and take him home.

On the trip homeward McCarthy equalled in grace the parachute drop of the young woman. As the hot air cooled he slowly descended and finally disappeared not half a mile from the park behind a clump of trees in Fayston valley. On the ground again, he dodged the falling canvas and immediately started for the fair grounds. There McCarthy found himself a hero. In a few words he told the story of his wonderful experience in midair, then hitched up his horse, jumped into the wagon and started for home.—New York Sun.

Fresh Laid.

McCormick—I want two poached eggs on toast.

Waiter—Yes, sir.

'And be sure and have them fresh laid.'

'Yes, sir I'll have 'em laid on the toast, sir.'

The territorial division of France has for its basis the "canton," a certain number of cantons from an "arrondissement," and an agglomeration of these constitutes a "department."

Why Dewey Bought the Coal.

Everybody remembers the sad case of the southern postmaster who answered the inquiry of one of his chiefs as to how far up into the country the Tombigbee river ran by saying that it did not run up at all, but down, and who subsequently lost his place. Admiral Dewey recently accumulated a big pile of coal at Cavite. The other day one of the bureau chiefs sent him this cablegram: "What have you bought such an enormous quantity of coal for?" The return message didn't cost the government much for cable tolls. It read, "To burn." Admiral Dewey still holds his job. He seems to have more of a pull than did the Georgia postmaster.

Sounds Nice In Frozen French.

Here is a new story about Rudyard Kipling, says London M. A. P. He was at a dinner party, and took in a good lady whom he had never met before. She took the opportunity of telling him various anecdotes about people which—to put it mildly—he had heard before. He did not like to tell his neighbor bluntly that they were chestnuts, so he ventured to say, "Will you permit me to call your pretty little stories—well—er—well—marrons glaces?"

CURRENT MISCELLANY.

The priesthood can always rely on the women. They have been the strength of the church, even under that system of polygamy which made them "living martyrs." They have the full right of suffrage, and none who is not in accord with the church authorities need look for their support. The men are subject to a constant discipline that keeps them at all times in sympathy with the ambitions of the leaders. There are 1,500 Mormon missionaries now in the foreign work of the church, the brightest of its young men, the future leaders in all matters. They are compelled to sacrifice everything and to labor for two or three years far from home in the interests of their religion. None who goes through this experience ever forgets the power of the priesthood, and each understands that if he should show too great a spirit of independence he may be called again to make the sacrifice. No young man in the church may be married in one of the temples unless he is faithful and obedient to his superiors, and no young woman would consider herself married in the sight of God unless she was "sealed" by the proper authorities. In business, in politics, in social life, everywhere, the young man meets the church, and he must be of iron if he dares to stand out against it. Many have done so in the past, but they have been the exceptions. Their numbers have never been sufficient to offset the church itself.—"Revival of the Mormon Problem," by Eugene Young, in North American Review.

Practice Shooting.

In practice shooting, made to resemble service conditions as nearly as possible, the British navy attains an average of 80 per cent of effective hits, but no one expects this average to be maintained during the excitement of an action. If the Olympia had maintained this average at Manila she would have made 96 effective hits, or enough to have destroyed the whole Spanish fleet single handed. It is therefore, in the opinion of Sir William White and his fighting chiefs at the admiralty, not so much a matter of the number of guns as the excellence of the shooting with those that are provided. Moreover, with 6 inch quickfire guns, using 750 pounds of shot and cordite every minute, it becomes a matter of practical difficulty to keep more than a certain number of guns supplied.

It is to Sir William White's credit that, amid all the mechanical complexities of the modern warship, he never lost sight of the fact that without men a warship was merely a costly lump of steel. Quick fire guns, light and heavy, well dispersed and each with a wide angle of fire; ample protection for gunners and stokers alike; plenty of ammunition, coal and supplies; a good gun platform in rough as well as fine weather—these were the qualities realized by him in the Majestic, and these have made her a favorite type for imitation by naval architects of other nations.—Cassier's Magazine.

Sanitary Regeneration of Matanzas.

The system of drainage which is carried on by the American authorities, including the cleaning of the streets and the general improvement of the sanitary condition of the city, merits the warmest applause. This praiseworthy and humane work will be better understood by our readers when they look at the mortality list since September of last year. Here it is:

In September, 1898, 716 persons died; in October, 688; in November, 591; in December, 450. In January, 1899, the death list was 323 and in February 266. This shows that the death rate has been reduced by about one-half.

The result as it appears is prodigious, and the Cuban people must acknowledge the interest taken by the American authorities in hygiene since by their measures of sanitation so vigorously prosecuted they have saved from death an immense number of sons of Cuba.—Matanzas Newspaper.

Very Amusing.

The late Dr. A. K. H. Boyd of Scotland once visited a woman who had lost her husband. By way of comforting her he proceeded to set forth with great earnestness and beauty of language the joys of the state to which the departed one had attained.

The bereaved woman, with a vivid recollection of her husband's defects, found it hard to share in the minister's hopes, although she wished to show her sense of his kindness. She unburdened herself thus: "Weel, Dr. Boyd, you're maybe no vera instructive, but you're aye amusing."

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 1, of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 19th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 19th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 19th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

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SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.
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TO ALL POINTS
North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:20 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11 32 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.46 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M. Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.36 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. N . 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6'40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.05 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 3.39 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.39 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 2.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M. 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M. Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 3.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 3.28 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M. Gibson 9.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 8.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 3.50 P. M. 11.37 P. M., Smithfield 4.08 P. M., Dunn 5.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.12 P. M., 2.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 4.50 P. M., 10.53 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.13 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12.

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

Negro Killed For Attempted Assault on a White Woman—Another Negro Arrested For Similar Offence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEM, GA., August 11.—Will McClure, a negro aged 18, was lynched a few miles from here this afternoon by a party of citizens. The negro went to the house of George Moore, a respectable family of Carroll county, and attempted to assault Mrs. Moore. She screamed and assistance coming, the rapist was defeated in his purpose.

ATLANTA, August 11.—A company of the Capital City Guards, under command of Captain Barker, arrived here late to-night from Jackson, Ga., escorting Lewis Williams, a tramp negro, to the Atlanta jail for safe keeping. The negro appeared at the farm house of McKinney Watkins, near that place this morning and asked for food. He was refused and left the house. Soon after Mrs. Watkins saw him returning, but before he reached the door she picked up her baby and ran screaming from the house. Her husband, supposing that she was about to be assaulted, chased the negro, being joined by neighbors. The negro was wounded by a pistol shot, easily captured and taken to jail. A large crowd assembled and the sheriff wired Governor Candler for assistance. The Governor quickly summoned the Guards and dispatched them to Jackson.

HOUSE PARTY AT ROWLAND.

Given at Hospitable Homes of Misses McCallum and McQueen.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

ROWLAND, N. C., Aug. 10, 1899.—One of the most successful and enjoyable of house parties was that given last week at the beautiful and hospitable home of Misses McCallum and McQueen at Rowland, N. C. The following were the parties in attendance:

Misses Margaret and Louise Purcell, Miss John Fulmore, Red Springs, N. C; Miss Annie Farley, Mr. Thad Carmichael, Dillon, S. C.; Miss Mattie McCall, Messrs. T. E. McCall, C. S. McCall and D. C. Pate, Bennettsville, S. C.; Messrs. N. A. McNeill and L. S. Covington, Lumberton, N. C.; Messrs. Sandy McGeachy and Will Bethea, Dillon, S. C.; Mr. T. C. Easterling, Tatum, S. C.; Mr. Walter Cottingham, Gallavan, S. C.

Never was there a more lively, congenial set of young people gathered together. They were entertained royally and will always associate this with the most pleasant events of their lives. The week passed all too quickly and the crowd returned to their respective homes with words of highest praise for Misses McCallum and McQueen.

TARBORO, 6; CONCORD, 1.

Result of the Game For State Championship Yesterday.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

CONCORD, N. C., Aug. 11.—The East Carolina Champions were again the winners in the baseball contest here this afternoon, making three out four games won by them in the series of played with the Concord team at Charlotte and on the diamond here. The game to-day was a beautiful one, and resulted as follows: Tarboro, six runs, ten hits, four errors; Concord, one run, four hits, four errors. Score—Tarboro, 6; Concord, 1.

Tarboro had her "profesh" battery—Kenna and Lusky—while honors for the home team were done in the box and behind the bat by Weddington, Mangum and Graves.

OPPOSE GRASPING MONOPOLY.

Mr. G. McD. Gamble, of Alabama, considers the round bale detrimental to all small ginners and against the interest of the cotton grower:

"I like the 24x54 standard much better than I did the larger press box. I had no trouble in packing heavy bales, and they looked much neater. I can cover them with less bagging and handle with greater ease. Six yards of bagging will cover a standard bale almost completely, and I can put two bales inside of a two-horse wagon body. I certainly favor the standard bale and hope that all ginners will adopt it.

"The advantages of a standard bale in size and a practically standard bale in weight, say 450 to 550 pounds, is doubtless apparent to all ginners who have given the question careful consideration.

"I consider the round bale that is now being introduced detrimental to all small ginners and much against the interest of the cotton growers. The time has certainly come when the planter, the ginner, the compressor, and in fact any one who has any interest whatsoever in cotton, should stand shoulder to shoulder and oppose the encroachments of that grasping monopoly which is now threatening to usurp every branch of the cotton industry. The aim of this monopoly is to place intolerable burdens upon the producer, to drive small ginners out of business, to levy an exorbitant royalty upon the larger ginners who can afford to use their machinery, and to strangle all competition.

"The farmer hauls his cotton in seed to market. There will be no competition in grading and bidding; one man sets the price, not only for the lint, but also for the seed. Do you see the hand of a cotton trust behind this? Do you see the hand of a seed trust behind this? Do you see the hand of a ginning trust behind this? Do you see the small gin shut up, and the farmer forced to haul his seed cotton to the nearest trust ginnery?

"A standard square bale seems to be the only remedy to apply to this evil. It has all the advantages claimed for the round bale, and it is not the offspring of a monopoly. With the present method of baling cotton we have competition of buyers, with daily telegraphic information from all the markets of the world, competing against each other, straining grades and limits to get in, thereby obtaining for the producer the highest possible price.

"The question is can we get the uniform square bale adopted? Certainly not by the efforts of one man, nor of a few men. In order to bring about the desired results, the united efforts of every one who feels an interest in the matter will be required."

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

THE FIGHTING AROUND CALULET.

Town of Angeles Evacuated By the Filipinos and Occupied By Americans.

INSURGENTS LOST HEAVILY.

One Hundred Filipinos Killed and Three or Four Hundred Wounded—American Loss Five Killed and Thirty-one Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, August 11.—General MacArthur's troops remained last night at Calulet. The rebels had evidently fled far beyond rifle range, for the American outposts were not disturbed and not a shot was fired during the night. At daybreak this morning a reconnoitering party, consisting of a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry, with one field piece, started up the railroad track toward Angeles, four miles north. The party approached within twelve hundred yards of the town and opened fire with the field gun. The Americans were received with a badly-directed rifle fire which the battalion of the Seventeenth returned with a few volleys.

The strength of the insurgents at Angeles not being known, the situation was reported to General MacArthur, who did not desire to send reinforcements and directed the reconnoitering party to return unless the rebels abandoned the town. Soon after the receipt of these orders, it became evident that the rebels had set fire to the town and fled, leaving the place to be occupied by the Americans.

A battalion of the Twelvth infantry was also sent on a reconnoitering expedition towards the west; but up to noon no firing had been heard in their direction and no word has been received from them at General McArthur's headquaterrs and it is believed they encountered nothing.

Insurgents Lost Heavily.

Everything indicates that all the rebels have scattered for miles in every direction around Calulet. The insurgents lost heavily in the fighting around Calulet. It is believed that a hundred were killed and three or four hundred wounded. The Iowa regiment killed thirty in one place and one company of the Seventeenth suddenly encountered a party of rebels in a trench and killed twelve.

The American loss was five killed and thirty one wounded, including three officers.

The attack was a complete surprise to the insurgents, who had no idea that a movement was intended until the armored car opened a deadly fire with two Gatling guns, a revolving cannon and a six-pounder. The heavy artillery opened on both flanks a moment later. A majority of the Filipinos were asleep when the attack was made. Men with large bells were heard running among the shacks, arousing the soldiers.

The Americans maintained almost a perfect line, four miles long, through canebrakes, where they could see nothing ahead. The mud in places was knee-deep in the rice fields and jungles and through the ditches flowed small rivers several feet deep.

Troops Stopped for Nothing.

The Filipinos tried to ambush the Americans several times, the country in the neighborhood being well adapted to these tactics, but the troops stopped for nothing, forcing their way through or over obstacles and firing whenever they could locate the fleeing enemy. The officers highly commended the recruits of the various regiments.

There is reason to believe the reports recently received that the insurgents are short of ammunition, as well informed native, at Calulet say the Insurgents had only forty rounds of ammunition each and that thirty rounds extra were issued just before the fight.

Since the American occupation of San Fernando the rebels have torn up three miles of railroad between there and Calulet, and it is impossible to get the armored car more than two miles beyond San Fernando.

Major Rockefeller.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—The following cable has been received from General Otis at the War Department:

Manila, August 11.—From Southern Luzon report comes that an American officer is held there a prisoner and the description given indicates Major Rockefeller.

(Signed) "OTIS."

Major Rockefeller is the officer who disappeared several months ago, shortly after his arrival in the Philippines, and nothing has been heard of him since,

TENNESSEE LYNCHING.

Negro Hanged For Criminal Assault—His Victim's Condition Critical.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., August. 11.—Will Chambers, colored, arrested on a charge of criminally assaulting the fourteen-year old daughter of William Watson, was lynched by hanging near Bell Buckle to-day. He was identified by his victim, who is in a critical condition.

QUARANTINE LIFTED.

Seaboard Air Line Official Notice to All Agents.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Aug. 11.

Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C.;

The following official circular was to-day sent to all agents of the system by the Seaboard Air Line, viz.:

The following official bulletin was this morning issued to the Seaboard Air Line by Dr. F. H. Hope, Chief Quarantine officer of the ports of Norfolk and Portsmouth. In this bulletin both the national and local quarantine and health authorities concur:

PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 11th, 1899.

At 6 P. M. Saturday next, Norfolk and Portsmouth will raise quarantine against Newport News, Old Point, Hampton, and other points in Warwick and Elizabeth City counties, except Soldiers' Home and Phœbus. This action was taken by the health authorities yesterday, after conference with all parties concerned, and it was the opinion of the U. S. Army authorities, U. S. Marine Hospital authorities, as well as those of the local and State Boards of Health, that no necessity exists for continuing the quarantine.

F. H. HOPE,
Chief Quarantine Officer.
B. ST. JOHN,
V. P. and G. M.
H. W. B. GLOVER,
Traffic Manager.
L. S. ALLEN,
General Passenger Agent.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Quarantine Will Be Raised To-day Against All Points, Except Phœbus and Soldiers' Home.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 11.—Probably to-morrow evening the quarantine against Newport News, Hampton and Old Point will be raised by all the cities which closed their doors to people and business from these places early last week. The yellow fever is under control and all of the patients in the hospital at the Soldier's Home are convalescent. The National, State and local health authorities have decided that it is no longer necessary to quarantine against this city, Hampton and Old Point. The health authorities of Baltimore and New York have practically said they would raise their quarantine against the peninsular points tomorrow evening. Norfolk will take the same step, and it is expected that Boston and Philadelphia will do likewise.

NORFOLK, August 11.—There is nothing but encouragement in the yellow fever situation at the Soldiers' Home. No new cases and no deaths due to this disease occurred to-day. In fact, the trouble has about been removed. In a week or ten days, if the situation continues to improve, the quarantine against the Soldiers' Home and Phœbus will be lifted.

WHAT IS IN THE DOSSIER.

A Paris Editor Describes the Mass of Documents in Evidence.

NEW YORK, August 10.—Francis de Pressense, editor of *Le Temps*, sends the following to the New York *Journal*:

"The dossier is a collection of documents supposed to bear upon the Dreyfus case. It consists of two parts—military and diplomatic.

"It is composed of about 900 different papers. Of these 700 are wholly unimportant. There are many letters from women retailing gossip. These women are either personal friends of army officers or their mistresses. Their chatter is of no consequence. It is something like this: 'I met a woman, who met another woman, who heard another woman say she knew a woman who dreamed that Dreyfus had relations with the German Embassy.'

"None but men blinded by class prejudice could think of putting such silly letters in the dossier. In point of fact, some of the higher officers are not only prejudiced, but ignorant. The intellectual weakness of Boisdeffre and Mercier was the laughing stock of the army before attention was called off by the Dreyfus case.

"Of the 200 serious papers some are reports of more or less consequence. There are some forgeries in the dossier. The reason for secrecy does not arise from anything that the dossier contains regarding Dreyfus. It is because certain documents or letters mention a scandal in which Schwarzkoppen, the German military attache, and Panizzardi, the Italian military attache, are alleged to be concerned. The Countess De Munster's name is also connected with that of another well known woman of Paris.

"Revelations of this nature, even if well founded, would not bring on a war with either Germany or Italy.

"The present examination is not definitive. It is for the purpose of separating the documents pertaining to Dreyfus from others. There will then be a public examination of the former, but names, the mention of which might give offence, will not be uttered. Such is Gallifet's order."

A SWINDLING SCHEME.

Organization to Petition Congress to Pass a Law to Pension Ex-Slaves.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—An order forbidding the delivery of all mail matter was to-day issued against Isaac L. Walton, the Ex-Slave Petitioners' Assembly and the Ex-Slave Assembly, Madison, Ark., on the charge of operating through the mails a scheme devised for obtaining money under false and fraudulent pretences.

The department states that Walton is an ex-slave, who is at the head of an alleged imaginary organization having for its object the collection of money to be used to petition Congress to pass a law granting ex-slaves pensions. The first remittance required of the members of this organization was 25 cents, and it appears that 12,381 negroes, from the Southern States principally, have remitted that amount. Although this money was to start a fund for the object above noted, not one cent of it can now be accounted for by the manager of the scheme.

MISSISSIPPI LYNCHING.

Negro Hanged in Jail by Unknown Parties For Criminal Assault.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORT GIBSON, MISS., August 11.—Bill Wilson, colored, was lynched here to-day under peculiar circumstances. Last Tuesday Wilson was arrested in the Hermanville district on a charge of attempted criminal assault. This afternoon the jailor upon entering Wilson's cell discovered the prisoner hanging to the county gallows, with several bullet wounds in his neck and shoulders. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by hanging and shooting by unknown parties. The execution took place so quietly that none of the officials knew what was going on.

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1898: Galveston, 2,297,536 bales; New Orleans, 2,209,951; Mobile, 260,691; Savannah, 1,860,472; Charleston, 371,089; Wilmington, 289,692; Norfolk, 686,230; Baltimore, 64,457; New York, 152,256; Boston, 316,606; Newport News, 22,483; Philadelphia, 51,463; Brunswick, 250,499; Port Arthur, 19,763; Pensacola, 224,410; Port Royal, 20,865. Total, 8,319,565.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—New York-Cleveland game postponed; wet grounds.

Cincinnati-Boston game postponed; wet grounds.

Chicago-Washington game postponed; wet grounds.

Pittsburg; 5, Philadelphia, none

Louisville, O; Brooklyn, 1.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

CONCLUDED ITS SECRET SESSION.

Sensational Scenes Expected at To-day's Session of the Dreyfus Trial.

WILL BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

The London Times Statement of the Treason of Lieut. Col. Henry Corroborated by the Governor of the Cherche Midi Prison.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 11.—The Dreyfus court martial concluded its secret sessions at 9 o'clock this morning, when M. Paleologue, of the Foreign Office, completed his explanations of the secret dossier. The court will meet again at 6.30 to morrow morning.

The London *Times'* statement this morning of the late Lieutenant Colonel Henry's treason caused considerable sensation in this city and was much discussed among the newspaper men and all others interested in the trial. The affirmation of Henry that Chief Esterhazy was his accomplice is only a confirmation of what has already many times been stated. But what was regarded important is the fact the *Times* announced it in such categorical terms, demonstrating according to the views of the friends of Dreyfus here, that the *Times* people have actually seen documents submitted to them by more than one foreign military attache, presenting the strongest proof of Henry's guilt, and moreover, that this announcement can only precede the publication in the *Times* of the actual documents.

The correspondent here of the Associated Press spoke to Major Forzinetti, who was governor of the Cherche Midi prison during Dreyfus' incarceration, and who was cashiered on account of his declarations favorable to Dreyfu's attitude while in prison. Forzinetti said: "The *Times'* statement confirms my own view. I was convinced of Henry's complicity from the very first and always regarded him as the real culprit." Regarding the court martial he said:

"To-morrow will undoubtedly be the most important day in the whole proceedings, as General Mercier and M. Casimir-Perier (former president of France) if time admits, will be confronted and a most dramatic scene is inevitable, as their declarations in certain matters differ on essential points."

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Monday, August 11, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Aug. 11:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	8,100	3,909
Total receipts to this date.....	8,319,465	8,521,305
Exports for week..	19,452	17,693
Total exports to date.....	7,130,948	7,288,886
Stock in all U. S. ports	345,703	223,045
Stock at all interior towns.....	215,662	103,894
Stock in Liverpool,	1,016,000	874,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	12,000	29,000

U. S. COURT OF APPEALS.

Judge Goff's Opinion in the Case of the Commissioners of Oxford, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, August 11.—In the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals to-day Judge Goff filed an opinion in the case of the Board of Commissioners of Oxford, N. C., versus the Union Bank, of Richmond, Va., reversing and remanding the case, with instructions to set aside the order awarding a writ of mandamus and then dismiss the complainant's bill.

The case grew out of an issue of bonds for a railway. Payment of interest on the bonds was enjoined by citizens of Oxford on the ground that the law authorizing the issue of bonds was invalid, as the act was not voted on at its second reading in the Legislature.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Chicago *Record* says plans for the organization of a combination to control the manufacture of cotton duck goods are practically consummated.

An automobile gun carriage, upon which a Colts automatic rapid firing gun will be mounted, is now being constructed in Peoria and will be completed in a month.

Contractor Geo. S. Post, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., who brought sixty negroes from the South there to work on sewers, was arrested yesterday, charged with aiding a nuisance.

An unconfirmed report is in circulation that a case of bubonic plague has developed at Oporto, Portugal, capital of the province of Douro, 175 miles northeast of Lisbon.

The total bank clearings for the week in the United States were $1,516,441,102; per cent. increase 24.3. Exclusive of New York $605,962,253: per cent. increase 33.8.

The transport Tartar, with General Wheeler aboard, arrived at Honolulu August 1st, and sailed August 3rd. General Wheeler was handsomely entertained during his stay.

President McKinley has been kept fully advised regarding the terrific storm in Porto Rico and has directed that everything possible be done to relieve the distress in the island.

The Secretary of War has directed that the census of Cuba shall be completed by January 1st next, and Gen. Joseph P. Sanger, of the inspector general's department, will be assigned to take general charge of the work, with headquarters at Havana.

Another car was dynamited in Cleveland, O., last night. The car was completely wrecked, but no one was injured. The neighborhood of the explosion is a very aristocratic one; on one corner being the residence of John Rockefeller, and on the other the home of S. T. Everett.

News was received yesterday from Montezuma, Mexico, that when Gen. Torres learned that his nephew had been killed by the Yaquis he promptly ordered that forty prisoners, who had fallen into his hands during the engagement of three weeks ago, be put to death, and they were accordingly taken out and shot.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious; to permanently overcome habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them; to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

DOMINICAN REVOLUTION

Rapidly Gaining Strength—Talk of An American Protectorate.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JA., August 11.—A mail dispatch from Santo Domingo, dated August 3rd, via Hayti, confirms the cable intelligence telling of the speed and significance of the revolution throughout the Dominican republic. Prominent men in civil and military circles, it appears, are taking the field, with the understanding that Jiminez is the prime mover, and that he will shortly arrive.

Undoubtedly the popularity of the revolution is due to the use of the name of Gomez, and should he decline the presidency in favor of Jiminez, or finally oppose his election, prominent leaders are already considering the alternative of calling a plebescite in order to ascertain whether the country would not prefer to renew the vote of 1871 for American annexation or an American protectorate rather than elect another dictator.

George Dixon, the colored featherweight champion, and Eddie Santy, of Chicago, met last night before the Broadway Athletic Club for twenty rounds at 125 pounds and Referee Johnny White declared the bout a draw. The club house was crowded to its utmost limit, nearly 5,000 persons being present.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 **cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Travellers can add (free) samples on which several earn $300 and $300 each season (now approaching). Protected ground, cash coms. on season's trade. P. O. 1371, New York. aug 14 1t*

Band Sawyer, Machine Men, Cabinet Makers, Varnishers and Finishers wanted. Address, The Melville Furniture Co., Mebane N. C. aug 11 1w

For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Highest Cash Prices for Beeswax, Deertongue, Eggs, Chickens, Timber, etc. Number one Farm Horse for sale. T. D. Love, 94 North Water street. jy 30 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 29 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

no 24 tf

NEW MULLETS.

2000 pounds New Mullets.
1500 bushels N. C. R. P. Oats.
110 Picnic Cheese.
1400 bushels Va. Meal.
1200 bushels Prime Corn.
1000 bushels Peanuts.
150 cases Oysters.
175 cases Sardines.
123 boxes Candy.
73 pails Fancy Candy.
28 cases Potted Ham.
120 boxes Meat.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.
aug 11 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-cass in every respect. ED. GUION,
jy 26 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests. Charges reasonable. Special rates for families. je 25 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

BLOOD TELLS.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years, you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The Summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists.

Price $1.

At Wholesale and Retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.
je 25 1y tu th sa

Get Coupons and Begin Now.

A Useful Household Present

For You!

Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—

WE SELL SHOES.

MERCER & EVANS.

aug 6 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WITH ASSETS OF OVER

One Million Dollars,

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.

POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.

ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
jy 29 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND

ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
aug 6 tf

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.

Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.

Home Brewing Co.,
RICHMOND, VA.

Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL,
Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

At The Unlucky.

SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.

A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.

My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 30 tf Wilmington, N. C

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.
e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

NEW CARPETS

THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.

OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.

AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTERIS,

EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES

Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.

An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.

The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.

Yours, truly,

A. D. BROWN,

aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

WHOSE HEAD

Aches? Yours? If so, what is the cause? Does a little worry or over work bring that tight, sore, uneasy aching sensation at the base of the brain just back of the ear? Have you ever thought it might be due to your eyes? Could we convince you by relieving it with Glasses? This is one of the "eye headaches" so common with those having pronounced refractive errors. Proper Glasses will correct the defect. The cause removed the effects disappear.

DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,

PARLOR NO. 123. MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

offer for sale their entire business, consisting of Good Will, Stock, Fixtures, Horses and Wagons. If buyer prefers, will sell Stock and Fixtures without Horses and Wagons. They are now doing a three thousand dollar business per month, and it has steadily increased since they began in 1897. The business is profitable, and it is EVERY CENT CASH. The manager can give satisfactory reasons for selling.

B. F. KING, Manager.

aug 6 tf

ODDS AND ENDS

Are around our front door to close out. We accumulate during the season lots of them, and the way I keep my large stock of goods fresh and clean and worth a hundred cents at all times, I have twice a year Clearing Sales.

I have on sale now about 100 pairs of Babies's Slippers, job at 10c a pair.

Thirty-six pairs of Child's Shoes, we sold from 25c up to 60c, now 15c.

Eighteen pairs of White Duck, Leather Trimmed, nice Ladies' Slippers, honest, solid leather, former price $1.00, now 25c.

Fifteen pairs Women's Fine Slippers, worth from $1.00 to $1.50 a pair, now 50c.

Eighteen pairs of Men's Low Cut Summer Shoes, we sold at $1.25, now 50c and 75c.

Ten pairs Old Ladies' Low Shoes now 25c a pair.

Five dozen Panama White Hats, worth $1.00, now 25c.

One Hundred Ladies' Yard and Beach Hats, worth 25c, now 10c.

Fifty Bath Suits from $1.00 to $3.00

One dozen Rubber Bathing Caps at 10c.

Twenty pieces Colored Organdie at 5c per yard.

One hundred Mosquito Canopies, ready for you, at $1.15.

Twenty-five Sand Fly Canopies, gnat proof, at $1.50.

Twenty rolls of Matting at 10c yard.

We have the largest stock of fine goods, as well as cheap ones, in the city. Comparison is all we ask. You will find this store at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

aug 6 tf Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

Having just finished taking our annual inventory, we find too much stock in some Departments and in others we have only Odds and Ends. So offer during this month

BARGAINS IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS.

Special inducements are offered you in the Carpet Department for the next two weeks, before the arrival of our new stock, which we expect August 15th.

Our Window Shade Department is now complete.

See us this Fall before you buy your Window Shades We are Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. September Designer now on sale.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

aug 6 tf

NOW'S THE TIME.

The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1 25 Negligee Shirts at

$1.00

this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEY by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.

M. H. CURRAN,

aug 6 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

CRAWFORD'S IMPERIAL SHOE IS THE BEST SHOE MADE FOR LADIES.

It wears easy, soft and flexible. In order to get this Shoe introduced, we will offer them next week at **A BIG REDUCTION.** Once you buy it you will always buy it. This is what you can do at Gaylord's New Shoe Store, No. 109 Market street, next week. You can buy a genuine Ladies' Vici Kid button or lace Shoe at $1.50. A good Commonsense lace shoe, solid leather, at $1.25. A nice dress Shoe, up-to-date, silk lace or button, at $2.00. The Picnic line, up-to-date, silk vested top, lace or button, at $2.03. The Hamilton Brown Old Ladies' Shoe, lace or elastic, soft as a glove, at $2.00.

MENS' SHOES!

The Battle Axe line is up-to-date in all the new style toes, lace and congress, at $1.75 to $2.00. We have a nice Tan Shoe, new goods, all solid, at $1.25.

Drop in and examine our line of Tan and Black Vici Kid Shoes. We will take pleasure in showing you through our stock.

We want to increase our business, and in order to do so we will sell Shoes at a very small profit. We have just gotten in a nice line of Ladies' and Gent's new Shoes this week, and we invite you to call in and look through our stock.

Remember the place, 109 Market street, with the door and window full of Shoes. Our terms are Strictly CASH. Store will be open every night until half past 8 o'clock

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

NEW SHOE STORE.

aug 6 tf